UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

4 Valery H.,

Plaintiff(s),

2:24-cv-00734-MDC

VS.

ORDER

Martin O'Malley, Commissioner of Social Security,

Defendant(s).

Before the Court are plaintiff Valery H.'s motion/application to proceed in forma pauperis (IFP) and complaint. ECF Nos. 1 and 2. This is a social security appeal and plaintiff is represented by counsel. The Court grants plaintiff's IFP application.

I. Whether Plaintiff May Proceed in Forma Pauperis

Plaintiff Valery H. asserts in her application to proceed in forma pauperis that she is currently unemployed and receives \$200 a month in child support. ECF No. 1 at 1. Plaintiff's request to proceed in forma pauperis is granted.

II. Whether Plaintiff's Complaint States a Plausible Claim

a. Legal Standard

Upon granting a request to proceed in forma pauperis, a court must additionally screen a complaint pursuant to § 1915(e). Federal courts are given the authority to dismiss a case if the action is legally "frivolous or malicious," fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. *See* § 1915(e)(2). "To survive a motion to dismiss, a complaint must contain sufficient factual matter, accepted as true, to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face." *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009) (internal quotations and citation omitted).

In considering whether the plaintiff has stated a claim upon which relief can be granted, all material

1 allegations in the complaint are accepted as true and are to be construed in the light most favorable to the 2 plaintiff. Russell v. Landrieu, 621 F.2d 1037, 1039 (9th Cir. 1980). When a court dismisses a complaint 3 under § 1915(e), the plaintiff should be given leave to amend the complaint with directions as to curing 4 its deficiencies, unless it is clear from the face of the complaint that the deficiencies could not be cured by 5 amendment. See Cato v. United States, 70 F.3d 1103, 1106 (9th Cir. 1995) (citation omitted). 6 7 8 9

b. Complaint

Plaintiff's complaint arises from an unfavorable decision by the Commissioner of Social Security Administration. ECF No. 2. Plaintiff asserts that she is disabled as that term is defined in the Social Security Act, and that she filed an application for disability insurance benefits. *Id.* The Commissioner denied the application. *Id*. She argues that the Administrative Law Judge denied her claim for benefits. *Id.* at 2. Plaintiff has appealed the decision of the Commissioner to this Court. *Id.*

Plaintiff may appeal to this Court the Commissioner's denial of her application for Disability

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Insurance Benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act. See 42 U.S.C. §§ 401-433. This Court has jurisdiction over the matter. *Id.* Construing plaintiff's allegations in the light most favorable to plaintiff, the Court finds that plaintiff has asserted a claim upon which relief can be granted. See Russell, 621 F.2d at 1039.

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ACCORDINGLY, and for good cause shown,

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IT IS ORDERED that:

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1. Plaintiff's application to proceed in forma pauperis (ECF No. 1) is GRANTED. Plaintiff is permitted to maintain this action without the necessity of prepayment of fees or costs or the giving of security.

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2. The Clerk of the Court is directed to file the complaint (ECF No. 1-1). The complaint shall be served on the Commissioner in accordance with Rule 3 of the Supplemental Rules for

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Social Security Actions under 42 U.S.C. § 405(g).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 22nd day of May 2024.

Hon. Maximi'iano D. Countlier III United States Magistrate Judge